

INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS

Seychelles, Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar & Comoros

22 days

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Day 1 Arrival in Seychelles

A thousand miles from the African coast, seemingly forgotten in the vast expanse of the Indian Ocean, more than 115 islands comprise the Seychelles Archipelago. As we arrive at Mahé, the largest of these granite jewels, we step into a world where swaying palms frame deep, crystalline lagoons and wildlife thrives as it has for centuries.

This comparatively young nation traces its first permanent settlement to 1770, when French colonists established themselves on these remote shores. The islands' strategic position along ancient trade routes attracted a remarkable diversity of peoples—freed slaves, European adventurers, Arab and Persian traders, Chinese merchants, and Indian settlers—all contributing to the vibrant multicultural tapestry we encounter today.

The 86,000-strong Seychellois population continues to reflect this multicultural heritage, speaking Creole, French, and English with equal fluency. As we settle into our accommodation, the gentle rhythm of island life begins to work its magic—a pace unchanged for generations, where the natural world still dictates the tempo of daily existence.

Overnight in Mahé, Seychelles

Included Meal(s): Dinner, if required.

Day 2 Seychelles: Victoria & Mahe Island Tour

We begin our exploration in Victoria, affectionately known as "the world's smallest capital," where the aromatic spices and brilliant colours of the central market create an immediate sensory immersion into Seychellois life. Stalls overflow with freshly caught fish, tropical fruits that exist nowhere else on Earth, and the herbs that have seasoned local cuisine for generations.

The small National Museum provides fascinating insights into the complex layers of island history, from the ecological evolution that created unique endemic species to the cultural fusion that defines modern Seychelles. We then discover the century-old Botanical Gardens, one of the nation's oldest monuments, where five acres of meticulously maintained tropical paradise showcase mature exotic plants alongside species found nowhere else on the planet.

As we journey around Mahé, the landscape reveals its extraordinary diversity. Lush vegetation carpets the mountainsides, where plantations of coconut palms and cinnamon trees thrive in the fertile volcanic soil. The spectacular Sans Souci road leads us to the ruins of Mission Lodge, once home to schools for freed slave children—a poignant reminder of the island's complex colonial history.

The magnificent Morne Seychellois National Park encompasses an impressive 20% of Mahé's land area, protecting habitats that range from coastal mangroves to the country's highest peak. Here, working plantations continue to cultivate the spices, tropical fruits, and essential oil plants that have sustained islanders for centuries, their terraced gardens creating a living museum of traditional Seychellois agriculture.

Overnight in Mahé, Seychelles

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 3 Seychelles: Full Day Praslin Island & La Digue Island Tour

We set sail across the crystalline waters to explore two of the archipelago's most enchanting islands. Praslin, pronounced "Prah-lin," awaits us after a scenic ferry journey, revealing why these islands were once described as Earth's original Garden of Eden.

Our destination is the legendary Vallée de Mai Nature Reserve, a UNESCO World Heritage Site that protects the only place on Earth where the extraordinary Coco-de-Mer palm grows naturally. These remarkable trees produce the longest leaves and largest, heaviest seeds in the plant kingdom—some weighing up to 20 kilograms. As we walk beneath the high-canopied primeval forest, we listen for the distinctive call of the rare Black Parrot while endemic palm species and Seychelles flying foxes populate this magical valley.

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The coastal drive to Anse Lazio reveals why this beach consistently ranks among the world's finest. Massive granite boulders, sculpted by millions of years of wind and waves, create a stunning natural gallery where we pause to appreciate these ancient geological masterpieces.

Our afternoon ferry to La Digue transports us to an island where time moves at nature's pace. Here, ox-carts and bicycles navigate narrow roads beneath towering palms, and the majestic plantation house at L'Union Estate stands as testimony to colonial elegance. But the true revelation awaits at Anse Source d'Argent—one of the world's most photographed beaches, where perfect white sand meets sculptured granite in a composition that has inspired countless artists and dreamers.

Overnight in Mahé, Seychelles

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 4 Seychelles: Day Cruise of Mahe Island's Coast

The northeast coast of Mahé unfolds before us as we board our catamaran for a journey along shores that have remained virtually unchanged for centuries. Our vessel skirts the reef edge, providing spectacular vantage points of a coastline once frequented by pirates who would careen their ships in these protected waters to stock provisions and repair their vessels.

We sail past majestic granite boulders and unspoiled coves that serve as the last remaining nesting beaches on Mahé for the critically endangered Hawksbill turtle. These ancient mariners have returned to these same shores for millennia, their survival now dependent on the careful protection of these pristine coastal habitats.

As we anchor for our onboard barbecue lunch, the turquoise waters of Sainte Anne Marine National Park stretch around us—the first marine protected area established in the Indian Ocean in 1973. This pioneering conservation effort safeguards coral gardens and fish populations that represent some of the most pristine marine ecosystems remaining in the western Indian Ocean.

The gentle trade winds that have guided sailors across these waters for centuries may inspire our captain to raise the sails, taking us further from shore where we can truly appreciate the vastness of the Indian Ocean. From this perspective, we understand why early explorers described these islands as emerald jewels scattered across an endless blue canvas, their isolation creating the perfect conditions for the unique wildlife and cultures we've been discovering.

Overnight in Mahé, Seychelles.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

Day 5 Seychelles - Fly to Mauritius

We bid farewell to the granite peaks of Seychelles as we fly southwest to Mauritius, an island born from volcanic fire and shaped by the cultural currents of the Indian Ocean. Surrounded by coral reefs and fringed with coconut palms and casuarina trees, Mauritius emerges from the tropical sea as a garden paradise where swaying sugar cane fields create a green tapestry across the landscape.

This remarkable island remained uninhabited until Portuguese explorers arrived in the early 1500s, finding no indigenous population but a unique ecosystem that had evolved in splendid isolation. Arab sailors during the Middle Ages had named it Dina Arobi, but it was the Dutch who first settled here in 1598, followed by the French in 1715, and finally the British in 1810 during the Napoleonic Wars.

Mauritius achieved independence in 1968, becoming a republic within the Commonwealth in 1992, but its greatest wealth lies in the extraordinary cultural fusion that defines modern Mauritian society. The island's strategic position on ancient trade routes brought together African, European, Indian, and Chinese influences, creating a vibrant multicultural nation where Tamil temples stand beside Catholic churches, and Chinese pagodas share neighbourhoods with Islamic mosques.

The volcanic origin of Mauritius, combined with its age and isolation, created perfect conditions for an remarkable diversity of flora and fauna. Before human arrival, the absence of terrestrial mammals allowed the evolution of unique flightless birds and large reptile species, though sadly, the famous dodo became extinct shortly after European colonization.

Overnight in Port-Louis, Mauritius.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 6 Mauritius: Port Louis & Pamplemousses City Tour

Port-Louis springs to life around us as we explore the capital city constructed in 1735 by the visionary French governor Mahé de Labourdonnais. This vibrant metropolis blends the island's colonial past with its dynamic present, creating a rainbow of cultures, religions, and traditions nestled between the ocean and the dramatic Port Louis Moka Range.

The Blue Penny Museum reveals the fascinating story of Mauritius through antique maps, photographs, and engravings spanning different historical periods. The crown jewel of the collection—the legendary 1847 Blue Penny and Red Penny stamps—represents one of philately's greatest treasures, purchased for \$2 million in 1993 and triumphantly returned to Mauritius after nearly 150 years abroad.

We explore the bustling harbour and immerse ourselves in the sensory explosion of Port Louis market, where the aroma of exotic spices mingles with the calls of vendors selling everything from tropical fruits to handcrafted souvenirs. The Caudan Waterfront showcases the city's maritime heritage, while Mauritian Chinatown tells the story of Chinese immigrants who brought their traditions and cuisine to enrich the island's cultural tapestry.

The UNESCO World Heritage site of Aapravasi Ghat provides a poignant connection to Mauritius's complex history as the Immigration Depot where indentured labourers from India disembarked. This "Landing Place of Immigrants" represents the arrival point for ancestors of more than 70% of today's Mauritian population. Our day concludes at the world-renowned Pamplemousses Botanical Gardens, the oldest in the Southern Hemisphere, where 85 varieties of palms from around the world create a living museum of botanical diversity.

Overnight in Port-Louis, Mauritius.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 7 Mauritius: Full Day Island Tour

The volcanic heart of Mauritius reveals itself as we journey to Grand Bassin, a sacred crater lake nestled deep in the island's mountainous interior. For Mauritians of Hindu faith, this tranquil water represents a direct spiritual connection to the holy Ganges of India, with temple ceremonies conducted on shores that rest within an extinct volcano's embrace.

We traverse the Black River Gorges National Park, the island's sole national park encompassing over 6,500 hectares of native forest. This precious remnant of Mauritius's original ecosystem protects endemic plant species found nowhere else on Earth, their survival dependent on this carefully maintained sanctuary in the island's hilly southwest region.

The geological wonder of Chamarel awaits—the famous "seven-coloured earth" that creates one of the island's most photographed landscapes. This undulating mound stretches in contrasting bands of red, brown, violet, green, blue, purple, and yellow, believed to result from the weathering of volcanic rocks containing different mineral compositions. The phenomenon defies explanation, as the colours naturally separate even when mixed together.

Our exploration culminates at Le Morne Brabant, a UNESCO World Heritage site that rises dramatically from the island's southwestern peninsula. This rugged mountain served as a refuge for runaway slaves during the 18th and early 19th centuries, its isolated cliffs and hidden caves providing sanctuary for those seeking freedom. The Le Morne Cultural Landscape stands as a powerful symbol of resistance and the struggle for human dignity, its windswept summit bearing witness to stories of courage and hope.

Overnight in Port-Louis, Mauritius.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

Day 8 Mauritius - Fly to Saint-Denis, Reunion: Afternoon Walking Tour

We fly to the French territory of Reunion, a ruggedly beautiful island where wild, dramatic landscapes showcase the raw power of volcanic

creation. Sandwiched between Mauritius and Madagascar, Reunion maintains a resolutely French identity while embracing the cultural melting pot that defines the Indian Ocean region.

Portuguese explorers first discovered this uninhabited island around 1507, though Swahili or Malay sailors may have visited earlier. Three massive cirques—steep bowl-shaped amphitheatres carved by ancient volcanic activity—dominate the topography, creating landscapes similar to Hawaii, as both islands sit above hotspots in Earth's crust.

Saint-Denis, the capital of this French overseas département, welcomes us with its unique blend of French colonial architecture and tropical vitality. Situated in a basin at the mouth of the Saint-Denis River, the city occupies a dramatic setting wedged between ocean and mountains, its population reflecting the island's complex cultural heritage.

We begin our discovery at the historic Jardin de l'État, botanical gardens established in 1773 by the East India Company as the island's first zoological gardens. These historic grounds now showcase Reunion's exquisite tropical flowers and endemic plants, many found nowhere else on Earth.

Our afternoon walking tour along Rue de Paris reveals architectural treasures including the elegant Hôtel de Ville, considered the city's most beautiful building, and the Cathedral of Saint-Denis. The Prefecture, begun in 1735 as East India Company headquarters, stands as testimony to the island's colonial past, while splendid Creole houses display their characteristic varangues (verandas) and intricate lambrequins (carved wooden cornices).

Overnight in Saint-Denis, Reunion.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 9 Reunion: Saint-Denis - Piton Maito - Cilaos

Reunion Island's remarkable cultural fusion—French, African, Indian, and Chinese influences—creates a society where French and Creole languages blend naturally, and Roman Catholicism coexists respectfully with Buddhism and Islam. This multicultural harmony defines daily life as we journey into the island's dramatic interior.

Our route takes us along the coastal highway before ascending toward the mountain towns that represent Reunion's geological heart. The landscape transforms continuously—charming villages give way to acacia and tamarind forests, then to steep cliffs offering increasingly spectacular views. The UNESCO World Heritage-designated National Park encompasses over 40% of the island, recognized for both its exceptional biodiversity and stunning natural beauty.

Piton Maito provides our first breathtaking encounter with the cirque Mafate, thousands of hectares of virtually untouched wilderness stretching below us. This remarkable cirque houses only 700 residents in 15 small villages, accessible solely by foot or helicopter, creating a paradise for hikers and nature enthusiasts. Weather permitting, we glimpse Piton des Neiges—the "Peak of the Snows"—the highest mountain in the Indian Ocean, its summit occasionally dusted with frost despite the tropical latitude.

We descend toward the coast before ascending again to Cirque de Cilaos, located in the island's geographic heart. The name derives from the Malagasy word "Tsilaosa," meaning "the place one never leaves"—a sentiment that becomes immediately understandable as we witness this spectacular landscape. The journey through 400 curves and numerous tunnels reveals why this cirque remained isolated for so long, its 1,200-metre-deep volcanic crater measuring 100 square kilometres of grandiose peaks, deep ravines, and fairy-tale forests.

Overnight in Cilaos, Reunion.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 10 Cilaos and the Wild South

We descend from the mountain sanctuary of Cilaos toward Reunion's legendary "Wild South," where lush vegetation and dark green forests create a striking contrast against the azure ocean. This region embodies the unhurried way of life that defines authentic Reunion, where volcanic slopes meet stunning beaches and country roads wind through landscapes that seem frozen in time.

Our exploration encompasses the entire southern region, from the pristine white sand beaches of Grand Anse to the southeastern slopes of the mighty Piton de la Fournaise. At Saint-Joseph, positioned at the island's extreme southern tip, we stand at the southernmost point of the European Union—a geographical curiosity that emphasizes Reunion's unique position in the world.

The quiet village of Manapany-les-Bains offers a perfect example of how volcanic activity shaped this coastline. Here, a natural swimming pool carved from basaltic rock provides safe harbour from the wild southern seas, its black walls created by ancient lava flows that cooled and hardened upon contact with ocean water.

Cap Méchant lives up to its name—"Wicked Cape"—as we witness the raw power of the Indian Ocean crashing against black cliffs formed by relatively recent lava flows. This exceptional location showcases how Piton de la Fournaise continues to build the island, with molten rock flowing directly into the sea to create new land. Along our route, the evidence of recent eruptions tells the ongoing story of Reunion's volcanic birth, reminding us that we're witnessing geological processes that have shaped this island for hundreds of thousands of years.

Overnight in Saint-Pierre, Reunion

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 11 South Coast - Piton de la Fournaise - Saint-Denis

We approach the jewel of Reunion—Piton de la Fournaise, the "Peak of the Furnace"—crossing an array of contrasting landscapes as we near one of the world's most active volcanoes. This remarkable mountain represents a perfect example of a hot-spot volcano, approximately 530,000 years old, with three calderas formed over millennia of eruptions.

Our journey reveals the incredible geological diversity created by volcanic activity. Numerous pyroclastic cones dot the floors of the calderas and their outer flanks, each telling the story of individual eruptions that shaped this extraordinary landscape. At Nez de Boeuf—the "Ox's Nose"—we pause to absorb the magnificent view 1,000 metres above the Rivière des Remparts, where ancient lava channels carved dramatic gorges through the volcanic rock.

The Maison du Volcan provides fascinating insights into the geological processes that created Reunion Island. Through permanent exhibitions, we understand how this hotspot volcano operates, why it remains so active, and how its eruptions continue to build new sections of the island. The educational displays help us comprehend the immense forces at work beneath our feet.

At the upper viewing area, we walk along the crater rim where the scale of volcanic power becomes truly apparent. The calderas stretch before us like lunar landscapes, their stark beauty a testament to the creative and destructive forces of volcanism. Recent lava flows create an otherworldly environment where pioneer plants begin the slow process of colonization, eventually transforming barren rock into the lush forests we've been exploring.

Our return journey across the island's heart showcases another dimension of Reunion's stunning volcanic valleys, their fertile soils supporting diverse ecosystems nestled between protective mountain ranges.

Overnight in Saint-Denis, Reunion

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 12 Reunion - Fly to Nosy Be, Madagascar

We fly from Reunion to Nosy Be—the "Big Island"—at Madagascar's northern tip, often called "the Perfumed Isle" for its intoxicating blend of ylang-ylang, vanilla, and tropical spices. This volcanic island, characterized by basaltic lava flows that created extraordinarily fertile soils, serves as our gateway to the remarkable world of Madagascar.

The Republic of Madagascar comprises not only the world's fourth-largest island but also numerous smaller peripheral islands like Nosy Be. Following the prehistoric breakup of the supercontinent Gondwana, Madagascar separated from India around 88 million years ago, allowing native plants and animals to evolve in complete isolation. This geological separation created one of Earth's greatest biodiversity hotspots—over 90% of Madagascar's wildlife exists nowhere else on the planet.

The single busy town of Hell-Ville pulses with life as ancient Renault taxis compete for road space with zebu-carts, bicycles, tuk-tuks, and pedestrians. Local shops jostle alongside market stalls selling everything from fiery chili peppers to mangrove crabs caked in protective mud. This decaying colonial administrative centre and main port reveals beautiful restored colonial buildings along the sea promenade, some constructed during the early 20th century when French influence shaped the island's architecture.

In the upper section of the port, old cannons stand sentinel over the harbour, silent witnesses to the island's strategic importance during the

colonial era. The contrast between colonial grandeur and contemporary African vitality creates the distinctive atmosphere that defines modern Nosy Be—a perfect introduction to Madagascar's unique blend of Asian, African, and European influences.

Overnight in Nosy Be, Madagascar

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 13 Nosy Be: Excursion to Lokobe Reserve

We venture to the serene Lokobe Reserve, a tranquil sanctuary accessible only by sea, where 740 hectares of precious lowland rainforest represent one of Madagascar's most important conservation areas. This haven attracts nature enthusiasts seeking peaceful communion with ecosystems that exist nowhere else on Earth.

Our guided walk through the dense, primitive forest bordering the reserve immerses us in an environment where evolution took a completely different path. We search for the grey-backed sportive lemur, a nocturnal species distinguished by its remarkable agility and distinctive grey colouration. These endemic primates represent just one branch of Madagascar's extraordinary lemur family tree, which diversified into over 100 species after the island's separation from mainland Africa.

The forest resonates with sounds found nowhere else—rustling leaves disturbed by unique wildlife, calls of endemic birds, and the gentle movements of creatures perfectly adapted to this isolated environment. Our experienced guide helps us navigate the jungle while sharing insights about ecological relationships that developed over millions of years of isolation.

The Nosy Be panther chameleon showcases Madagascar's reptilian diversity, renowned for vibrant colours and the remarkable ability to change hue based on mood, temperature, and communication needs. These chameleons represent just one example of the island's endemic reptiles, which evolved to fill ecological niches left vacant by absent mammals.

Throughout our visit, we observe flora and fauna that play vital roles in maintaining this delicate ecosystem. From towering trees and exotic plants to the diverse array of wildlife, every element of Lokobe contributes to its status as a treasured natural reserve and critical area for conservation and scientific study.

Overnight in Nosy Be, Madagascar

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 14 Nosy Be: Excursion to Nosy Komba

Our adventure begins with a drive through Hell-Ville before boarding a boat for the enchanting island of Nosy Komba, affectionately known as "Lemur Island." This picturesque gem, located just kilometres from Nosy Be, earned its reputation through thriving populations of friendly black lemurs that have become accustomed to human presence over generations of careful interaction.

Nosy Komba offers a tapestry of hidden coves and scenic paths meandering through charming local farms before ascending into verdant hills where exotic birds and elusive chameleons inhabit the tropical canopy. This landscape showcases the remarkable diversity that characterizes Madagascar's offshore islands, each developing its own unique ecosystem variations.

We begin with a leisurely stroll along pristine beaches, absorbing the soothing rhythm of ocean waves against volcanic sand. The nearby local village provides opportunities to immerse ourselves in vibrant Malagasy culture, observing daily life patterns that have remained largely unchanged for generations. Traditional farming methods, fishing techniques, and social customs reflect the deep connection between island communities and their natural environment.

Our forest exploration brings encounters with playful black lemurs, whose curious nature and fearless behaviour create unforgettable wildlife experiences. Watching these fascinating primates in their natural habitat demonstrates the remarkable evolutionary journey that created Madagascar's unique fauna. The island's hills fold gracefully into sparkling waters, creating idyllic sandy coves and sheltered harbours that provide perfect settings for traditional fishing villages.

These communities have learned to live in harmony with their environment, developing sustainable practices that protect the wildlife while maintaining their traditional way of life—a model of conservation that offers hope for Madagascar's ecological future.

Overnight in Nosy Be, Madagascar

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 15 Nosy Be: Lemuria Island - Fly to Antananarivo

We begin our morning at Lemuria Island, also called the Ylang-Ylang Distillery, a private park that serves as a green oasis where lemurs live in semi-captivity alongside chameleons and ancient tortoises. This conservation facility provides visitors with close encounters with Madagascar's unique wildlife while supporting important breeding programs for endangered species.

The park showcases Madagascar's agricultural heritage through thriving plantations of ylang-ylang, coffee, pepper, and vanilla—the aromatic treasures that earned Nosy Be its nickname as "the Perfumed Isle." These carefully maintained plantations demonstrate traditional cultivation methods passed down through generations, while the distillery reveals how precious essential oils are extracted from the fragrant flowers.

Our exploration continues through Hell-Ville, where restored colonial buildings tell the story of French influence on Madagascar's development. The vibrant local market divides into two distinct sections: the covered market represents efforts to preserve architectural heritage while protecting vendors from tropical weather, and the open market creates a colourful spectacle where local people sell vegetables, fresh fish, tropical fruits, and aromatic spices.

From the scenic heights of Mount Passot, we enjoy exceptional panoramic views encompassing Nosy Be Bay, the Radama Islands to the south, and the Mitsio Islands to the north, while eleven volcanic lakes scattered across the landscape create enormous water reserves that sustain both human communities and agricultural cultivation.

This evening, we fly to Antananarivo, Madagascar's highland capital perched at 1,280 metres above sea level. Founded in the early 17th century, "Tana" spreads across hills and valleys, creating a capital unlike any other in Africa. We overnight here in order to connect with our flight to Nairobi, which gets us one step close to the Comores.

Overnight in Antananarivo., Madagascar

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 16 Antananarivo - Fly to Grande Comore

We enjoy a leisurely morning in Antananarivo before our afternoon departure to the Comoros Islands via Nairobi, Kenya. Our journey continues late into the evening as we cross the equator, heading southeast over the Mozambique Channel toward the volcanic Comoros archipelago. We arrive at Grande Comore in the early hours of the following morning, settling into our accommodation for a well-deserved rest after our long travel day.

Overnight on Grande Comore, Comoros

Included Meal(s): Breakfast

Day 17 Grande Comore: Northern Island Touring

After a leisurely morning to recover from our late arrival, we explore Grande Comore's scenic northern coast and dramatic volcanic heritage. Following the western coastline, we witness where ancient lava flows entered the sea and observe how resilient mangrove forests now thrive in former lava beds, demonstrating nature's remarkable ability to reclaim even the most inhospitable volcanic terrain.

Our first geological wonder awaits at the largest baobab tree in the Comoros—so massive that ten people can walk inside its hollow trunk. These ancient giants, some estimated to be over 1,000 years old, serve as living monuments to the island's natural history, their distinctive bottle-shaped trunks storing water during dry seasons while their peculiar branches create silhouettes that seem to defy gravity.

Grande Comore's landscape bears witness to incredible volcanic activity, with more than 120 volcanic craters scattered across the island. We

explore two of the most spectacular: Lac Salé, an impressive crater lake situated roadside whose mineral-rich waters are believed to possess healing properties by local inhabitants, and The Dragon's Back, a coastal crater half-consumed by relentless ocean erosion, leaving only half the crater rim as a dramatic peninsula curving into the sea.

The village of Bangwa Kouni harbours one of the island's most intriguing mysteries—"The Miraculous Mosque." Local legend claims villagers awoke one morning to discover this fully-constructed mosque beside their settlement, though more pragmatic explanations suggest skilled craftsmen worked through the night as a community surprise. Nearby ancient tombs mark the final resting places of early Arab explorers who first brought Islam to these shores.

Overnight on Grande Comore, Comoros

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Day 18 Grande Comore: Southern Island Touring

Our exploration of Grande Comore's southern reaches reveals the island's most dramatic volcanic legacy and historic sultanate capitals. We begin by driving southward through Moroni to Singani village, site of the most recent lava flow that destroyed the settlement in 1977. From our vantage point above the village, we witness the remarkable resilience of the Comoran people—the community rebuilt directly atop the hardened lava, even using the volcanic rock itself as raw building material.

We continue to Fombouni, the largest town in the south and former capital of the southern sultans. Wandering through the small medina and exploring the old palace, we discover architectural treasures that speak to the island's aristocratic past. The edges of the old town offer sweeping views across the Indian Ocean, where turquoise waters stretch endlessly toward the African coast.

At the village of Chindini, we observe daily life at the gateway to Mohéli island. Fishermen return from the sea in traditional pirogues while locals arrive after multi-hour crossings aboard vedettes—the local fishing boats that remain the only transport linking these remote islands. The scene captures the isolation and self-sufficiency that characterize life in the Comoros. On our return journey, we pause to admire huge roadside baobab trees, their massive trunks testament to centuries of growth.

Following lunch at a local restaurant, we venture to the historic town of Iconi, an ancient sultan's capital lying in the shadow of a steep volcanic cone. This settlement carries painful memories—during the 1800s, many women leapt to their deaths from the cone's heights rather than face enslavement by Malagasy pirates. For centuries, Iconi served as capital for the sultanate of Bambao, and at its heart lies the ancient coral and lava stone palace of Kaviri Djewé.

The town's bangwes—historic open spaces where men still gather to debate and make community decisions—preserve traditions unchanged for generations. On Iconi's outskirts, Lake Marabou offers a tranquil tidal saltwater pool surrounded by mangroves, with Mount Karthala towering majestically above. The adventurous may climb the small Iconi volcano to view protective ramparts built against slave-raiders, rewarded with panoramic vistas of the town and shimmering sea beyond.

Overnight on Grande Comore, Comoros

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 19 Grande Comore - Fly to Moheli (Mwali)

We fly to Moheli (Mwali), the smallest, wildest, and least visited of all Comoran islands, where time seems suspended in an earlier era. This island, covering 290 square kilometres, possesses rich soil, magnificent forests, and fine pasture lands that create an environment virtually untouched by modern development.

Valleys and slopes support coconut trees, coffee plantations, cacao groves, ylang-ylang trees, and vanilla plantations, while five small islets near Nioumachoua's lagoon provide natural shelter for sailing vessels during inclement weather. The inhabitants live primarily off land and sea, maintaining traditional lifestyles in the absence of any industrial development.

Visitors invariably find themselves charmed by the authenticity of villagers, the untamed nature, and the profound remoteness that characterizes this destination. Few inhabitants have preserved their environment completely untouched, creating an atmosphere where noise, pollution, and stress remain completely unknown concepts. Moheli truly deserves its nickname—"Mwali, the one that quietly sleeps."

The island offers extraordinary opportunities to discover biodiversity treasures that exist nowhere else on Earth. Bird watchers may observe endemic species including the Blue Vanga, Moheli Scops Owl, and Benson's Brush Warbler, while forest exploration provides chances to encounter the Comorian lemur and the impressive Livingstone bat—a giant fruit-eating species with wingspans reaching 1.5 metres.

However, wildlife excursions require acknowledgment of challenging conditions. The terrain can be rough and steep, involving numerous river crossings on foot through stifling heat and humidity that may prove demanding for many visitors. The most rewarding and accessible activity remains the magical evening turtle excursion, where we witness one of nature's most ancient rituals.

Overnight on Moheli, Comoros

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 20 Moheli Island Exploration

Our exploration of Moheli reveals the authentic beauty of an island where biodiversity thrives in pristine conditions. Primary forest hikes introduce us to typical fruit trees and medicinal plants including vanilla, pepper, cloves, cinnamon, and pineapple, while local guides share traditional knowledge about vegetation's healing properties passed down through generations.

A forest walk leads to a scenic waterfall with its accompanying natural lake, where sweet water shrimp thrive in crystal-clear pools and visitors can capture memorable photographs while enjoying refreshing showers beneath cascading water. This alternative location replaced the former coastal waterfall at Merimani, which unfortunately became polluted by village waste and lost much of its water flow due to upstream diversions.

The friendly village of Nioumachoua provides insights into authentic island life, where residents maintain traditional rhythms dictated by "island time." Everything here functions at nature's pace, creating opportunities to witness daily activities unchanged for generations—fishing, farming, and community gatherings that strengthen social bonds essential to Moheli's cultural survival.

Our evening culminates with an extraordinary excursion to witness one of nature's most ancient rituals. Moheli represents one of the few places on Earth where sea turtles come ashore to lay eggs every night throughout the year. In the marine reserve's protected environment, we observe these magnificent creatures as they lumber onto moonlit beaches to dig nests and deposit eggs that will hatch weeks later. This magical experience connects us directly to evolutionary processes that have continued unchanged for millions of years, reminding us of our responsibility to protect these vulnerable species and their essential nesting habitats.

Overnight on Moheli, Comoros

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

Day 21 Moheli - Fly to Grande Comore - Moroni Discovery

We return to Grande Comore this morning, flying from remote Moheli back to Moroni, the nation's capital. After several days exploring the untouched wilderness of the Comoros' smallest island, we appreciate the contrast as we return to this charming port town where Arab heritage and African traditions blend seamlessly.

Moroni, nestled in the southwest of Grande Comore, delights visitors as a town overlooking a harbour filled with traditional fishing boats. The old quarter creates a fascinating maze of narrow streets perfect for exploration, while peaceful squares and modern government buildings reflect the nation's evolution from important trading centre to quiet contemporary existence where tourists remain rare and visitors are welcomed as curious novelties.

Largely Arabic in atmosphere, Moroni contains numerous beautiful mosques reflecting its prosperity before the 16th century as a crucial port for Arab merchants. We explore the historic Arab Quarter, where whitewashed buildings with intricately carved wooden doors line streets so narrow that residents can nearly touch opposing walls. The vendredi mosque—Friday mosque—stands as the spiritual heart of the old town, its elegant minaret rising above the medina that has preserved architectural heritage from Swahili times.

The bustling port neighbourhood reveals contemporary Comoran life, where fishermen mend nets beside traditional dhows and market vendors sell aromatic spices, tropical fruits, and the day's catch. This working waterfront has witnessed centuries of maritime trade, from Arab dhows carrying goods to Asian markets, to modern fishing vessels that sustain island communities. The harbour wall provides perfect vantage points for watching sunset transform the sky above Mount Karthala, the active volcano that dominates Grande Comore's profile.

Our final evening in the Comoros offers time to reflect on this remarkable archipelago—where volcanic landscapes meet turquoise waters, where Islamic traditions blend with African heritage, and where the modern world feels reassuringly distant.

Overnight in Moroni, Grande Comore (Comoros)

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

Day 22 Departure

Our remarkable journey through the Indian Ocean islands concludes as we prepare for departure from Moroni Airport (HAH). These past three weeks have transported us across geological time and cultural boundaries, from the ancient granite foundations of Seychelles to the active volcanic landscapes of Reunion, from Madagascar's unique evolutionary laboratory to the traditional Islamic communities of the Comoros. The Indian Ocean islands have shared their treasures generously, reminding us that in our interconnected world, these remote paradises serve as crucial refuges for biodiversity, cultural authenticity, and the unhurried rhythms that restore the human spirit.

BON VOYAGE!

Included Meal(s): Breakfast