

## BRAZIL, ARGENTINA & CHILE

**33 days**

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### **Day 1 Arrive in Manaus**

We arrive in Manaus, where the dark Rio Negro meets the muddy Solimões to form the mighty Amazon. This metropolis of two million grew from a Portuguese fort built in 1669, transforming during the rubber boom into the "Paris of the Tropics."

Standing 1,500 kilometers from the Atlantic, we're at the threshold of Amazonia—covering more than half of Brazil's territory yet home to only seven percent of its people. The Amazon River stretches 6,440 kilometers, carrying water equivalent to eleven Mississippi Rivers, while its basin generates twenty percent of the world's oxygen.

For early arrivals, we explore the Teatro Amazonas, a neo-classical opera house embodying rubber barons' extravagant dreams. Built in the 1880s with Italian marble, French chandeliers, English ironwork, and Scottish timber, this temple to European refinement still hosts the annual Opera Festival, its gold-leafed dome gleaming above the jungle canopy.

Overnight in Manaus.

Included Meal(s): Dinner, if required.

### **Day 2 Manaus - Amazon: Amazon Exploration**

Today we transfer from Manaus to our Amazon lodge. This transfer may be by road, by boat or a combination of both.

The rainforest thrives in perpetual humidity from over 2,000 millimeters of annual rainfall, creating a closed-loop system where trees recycle their own moisture—ninety percent of rain originally evaporated from the forest itself. This creates conditions unchanged since the age of dinosaurs.

Using our lodge as base camp, we explore waterways and forest corridors by boat and foot. The Amazon's wildlife reveals itself to patient observers: brilliant macaws and toucans, three-toed sloths moving with geological slowness, and pink-hued boto river dolphins whose intelligence has inspired countless indigenous legends.

\* NOTE: Our activities in the Amazon will vary depending upon seasonality, weather, and other considerations, at the discretion of your Tour Leader and local Amazon guides. There is a luggage weight limit of 10kg per person, so YOU WILL NEED TO BRING AN OVERNIGHT BAG. Anything that exceeds this can be left in Manaus free of charge.

Overnight at an Amazon lodge.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

### **Day 3 Amazon: Bird Watching, Forest Walks & Village Visits**

We rise before dawn for nature's greatest symphony—the Amazon's morning chorus. As darkness retreats, the forest awakens in waves: first tinamous and partridges, then parrots and macaws building to a crescendo as hundreds of species announce the new day.

The Amazon's seasonal rhythms create dramatically different experiences. During December-to-May floods, rising waters transform the forest floor into an aquatic wonderland with comfortable 25C days and pleasant 15C nights. The dry season brings higher temperatures reaching 35C but concentrates wildlife around remaining water sources.

Paradoxically, the rainy season offers exceptional wildlife viewing. Many plants flower and fruit during these months, attracting birds and primates to water's edge where we observe them easily. Spectacular thunderstorms create their own drama, with lightning illuminating the canopy.

Evening ventures into the forest's nocturnal realm reveal an entirely different Amazon: nighthawks echoing through trees, flashlights

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revealing ruby caiman eyes, and nocturnal mammals navigating arboreal highways.

Overnight at an Amazon lodge.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

#### Day 4 Amazon - Manaus - Fly to Brasilia

We farewell the Amazon this morning, carrying memories of the world's greatest wilderness. Our afternoon flight transports us to Brasília, Brazil's purpose-built capital and one of the 20th century's most ambitious urban experiments.

The idea of moving Brazil's capital inland emerged in the early 19th century, inspired by a Salesian priest's vision. For nearly 150 years this remained a dream—until President Juscelino Kubitschek made it reality in the late 1950s. In less than four years, his government carved a modern metropolis from cerrado savanna, creating a city designed to pull Brazil's focus from its colonial coastal orientation toward the promise of its vast interior.

As we settle into accommodations, we're surrounded by architectural legacy representing not just administrative convenience, but a fundamental reimagining of Brazilian identity.

Overnight in Brasilia.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

#### Day 5 Brasilia: City Tour

Today we explore Brasília, a UNESCO World Heritage site representing the world's largest example of 20th-century city planning. Architect Oscar Niemeyer and urban planner Lúcio Costa created more than a capital—they designed Brazil's future, built from scratch in the nation's heartland.

We begin at Dom Bosco's Church, where modest exterior conceals walls of stained glass in twelve shades of blue creating an ethereal sanctuary. The central chandelier of 7,400 Murano glass pieces transforms this space into a constellation of light.

From the 224-meter Central TV Tower, Brasília's famous airplane-like layout spreads below—the "fuselage" containing government buildings along the Monumental Axis, with residential "wings" extending north and south. This reveals the city's careful geometry: wide boulevards designed for the automobile age and green spaces separating functions.

At the Juscelino Kubitschek Memorial, we encounter the human story behind this concrete miracle. JK promised "fifty years of progress in five" and delivered on that audacious pledge.

Niemeyer's Cathedral demonstrates how modernist architecture inspires spiritual awe. Sixteen curved concrete columns reach skyward like praying hands, supporting stained glass that floods the interior with blue, green, and white light.

Our exploration culminates at Three Powers Square, symbolic heart of Brazilian democracy, where the three government branches occupy buildings embodying their functions.

Overnight in Brasilia.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

#### Day 6 Brasilia - Fly to Campo Grande - Pantanal

We fly to Campo Grande, gateway to the Pantanal—South America's greatest wildlife sanctuary and the world's largest tropical wetland. Our destination is Pousada Aguape, situated 160 kilometers from the city on a working ranch established 155 years ago.

The Aguape Ranch embodies the Pantanal's evolution from wilderness to sustainable coexistence between human activity and natural systems. Traditional cattle ranching shares the landscape with conservation projects, including efforts to protect the magnificent Hyacinth Macaw—the world's largest flying parrot.

This vast wetland owes its extraordinary biodiversity to unmatched habitat diversity. Seasonal floods create a mosaic of environments supporting more than 80 mammal species, 50 reptile species, and 375 bird species. Remarkably, none are endemic—instead, species from surrounding ecosystems converge here during seasonal cycles, creating the continent's greatest wildlife concentration. Among residents are thirteen endangered species, including the elusive jaguar, giant otters, and giant anteaters.

This afternoon's open-vehicle safari introduces us to this natural theater. We traverse palm forests and savannas where giant anteaters lumber through grass, armadillos trundle across paths, and overhead spectacular birds include the massive Jabiru Stork, endangered Hyacinth Macaw, and Plumbeous Ibis.

Overnight in Pantanal region.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 7 Pantanal Exploration

Today we immerse in the Pantanal's seasonal rhythms. This ecosystem pulses between two phases: December through April floods create a vast inland sea stretching to the horizon, transforming the landscape into an aquatic paradise providing breeding grounds and navigation routes.

We begin with walking safari through lush riverside forests along the Aquidauana River. These gallery forests exist as green corridors through open grasslands, their dense canopies providing refuge for monkeys, birds, and countless creatures. The forest floor reveals intricate relationships sustaining this ecosystem: strangler figs, termite mounds serving as apartment complexes, and endless cycles of decay and renewal.

As afternoon heat builds, we retreat before venturing out during cooler evening hours. Our night game drive reveals nocturnal residents: owls calling from hidden perches, caimans patrolling waterways, and capybaras—the world's largest rodents—emerging to graze in moonlight.

The Pantanal's reputation rests on more than statistics. This freshwater wetland functions as a vast biological pump, seasonal flooding creating conditions that concentrate and disperse wildlife in predictable patterns—an ecosystem where patient observers witness fundamental life processes.

Overnight in the Pantanal region.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

### Day 8 Pantanal: Full Day Touring

Today's exploration focuses on the Pantanal's most impressive residents—spectacled caimans ruling these waterways. These crocodilian survivors can reach three meters in length, their powerful jaws crushing turtle shells, perfectly adapted for aquatic ambush hunting. Once threatened by hide hunters, nearly ten million now inhabit the Pantanal's waters.

Our boat safari along the Aquidauana River reveals extraordinary complexity. The waterway serves as a liquid highway, its banks lined with species found nowhere else in such concentration. Capuchin monkeys chatter in riverside trees while red howler monkeys announce territorial claims with calls carrying for miles. The river teems with life: piranha schools create silver flashes, kingfishers dive like feathered arrows, while toucans add exotic colour to the green tapestry.

This afternoon offers the quintessential Pantanal experience—exploring on horseback, the traditional navigation method. Pantaneiro cowboys developed techniques for working cattle in landscapes that flood and dry in endless cycles. For visitors, horseback riding provides access to areas unreachable by vehicle, following game trails through palm groves where giant anteaters dig for termites and capybara families gather at water holes. From horseback, we gain different perspective on the Pantanal's scale, moving quietly through landscapes where jaguars hunt and anacondas bask.

Overnight in the Pantanal region.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner

### Day 9 Pantanal - Campo Grande - Fly to Rio de Janeiro

We farewell the Pantanal and fly via Campo Grande to Rio de Janeiro, the Cidade Maravilhosa—Marvelous City embodying Brazil's passion, creativity, and joie de vivre. As our aircraft approaches this urban masterpiece, we witness one of the world's great urban settings: seven million Cariocas compressed between ocean and escarpment.

Rio exists in perpetual celebration, where life revolves around pleasures pursued with unmatched intensity: the cult of body beautiful practiced on world-famous beaches, infectious samba rhythms pulsing through neighborhoods, national football obsession uniting all social classes, and convivial consumption of ice-cold cerveja and potent cachaça lubricating legendary social life.

The Carioca spirit transforms everyday activities into opportunities for joy and connection. Here, everything culminates in samba—football matches, weddings, work celebrations, political demonstrations, and beach days. This represents more than festivity; it embodies a fundamental life approach prioritizing romance, music, dance, and conversation above material accumulation.

If flight schedules permit, we begin exploration immediately, eager to experience this urban phenomenon that has captured imaginations worldwide..

Overnight in Rio de Janeiro.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 10 Rio de Janeiro City Touring & Christ the Redeemer

Today we discover why Rio earned its nickname—surely one of the most dramatically situated urban centers on the planet. Built almost entirely along beaches and bays with forest-clad mountains as backdrop, Rio demonstrates how geography shapes a city's soul. The Serra da Carioca divides Rio into zona norte (working-class neighborhoods climbing hillsides) and zona sul (affluent districts stretching along beaches). These steep mountains create a natural amphitheater framing urban life.

Corcovado Mountain provides perfect vantage point for understanding Rio's geography. We ascend via electric cog railway through Tijuca Forest—the world's largest urban rainforest, replanted after 19th-century coffee cultivation nearly destroyed the original ecosystem.

At the summit, Cristo Redentor spreads his arms over Guanabara Bay and Sugar Loaf Mountain. This Art Deco masterpiece required transporting 635 tons of soapstone up the mountainside. His left arm points toward zona norte's sprawl, while his right embraces zona sul's golden beaches—Copacabana, Ipanema, and Leblon.

We explore Rio's historic center, where colonial origins remain visible. The Theatro Municipal represents Belle Époque aspirations, while the Metropolitan Cathedral demonstrates bold modernist architecture accommodating 20,000 worshippers.

The afternoon brings us to legendary beaches functioning as the city's living room, where social hierarchies dissolve in democratic pleasure of sun, sand, and sea.

Overnight in Rio de Janeiro.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 11 Leisure Time & Copacabana Beach

After yesterday's intensity, we embrace Rio's most essential activity—relaxation, Carioca-style. Our morning stroll along 4.5-kilometer Copacabana Beach introduces us to daily life rhythms in this beach-obsessed metropolis. Here we practice Portuguese with simple exchanges: "Tudo bem?" (Everything okay?) "Tudo bom!" (Everything's great!)—phrases capturing the Carioca philosophy of finding joy in

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simple moments and human connection. The beach serves as Rio's great social equalizer.

Copacabana's famous mosaic sidewalks by Roberto Burle Marx create flowing patterns mirroring ocean waves. The beachfront buzzes with activity: coconut vendors with practiced machete strokes, fitness enthusiasts maintaining beach bodies, and families gathering under colorful umbrellas.

Free time allows independent exploration of neighborhoods revealing Rio's diverse personality. Santa Teresa maintains bohemian atmosphere with narrow cobblestone streets and spectacular bay views. Ipanema offers sophisticated shopping and sidewalk cafés perfecting people-watching.

Alternatively, discover Rio's Botanical Gardens displaying more than 6,500 tropical plant species, including the famous imperial palm avenue planted in 1842. Rio's infectious energy and stunning scenery create lasting experiences.

Overnight in Rio de Janeiro.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 12 Rio de Janeiro: City Touring, Sugarloaf Mountain & Free Time

Today we complete our Rio experience with two adventures revealing different city aspects.

Our Sugar Loaf journey requires two cable car rides offering increasingly spectacular perspectives. The first carries us to Urca Hill for close-up Guanabara Bay views and distant Christ statue. The second ascent reaches Sugar Loaf's 400-meter summit where Rio spreads in full glory.

From this perch, we understand why Cariocas consider their city geographically blessed. Copacabana Beach glistens with famous wave-pattern sidewalks, Corcovado dominates the western horizon, while Ipanema and Leblon curve toward distant mountains.

Our afternoon explores Santa Teresa, a hilltop neighborhood preserving Rio's bohemian soul. This artists' quarter occupies slopes with colonial houses that survived development pressure. Today these lanes attract painters, musicians, and writers appreciating village-like atmosphere within the metropolis.

We ride the historic Santa Teresa Tram, beloved since 1877, clattering across the Carioca Aqueduct built in the mid-18th century. This engineering marvel later found new purpose as tram viaduct, creating one of Rio's most photographed landmarks.

Free time allows personal exploration—perhaps strolling beachside avenues, browsing markets, or sitting at sidewalk cafés watching eternal Carioca life while sipping coconut water or strong Brazilian coffee.

Overnight in Rio de Janeiro.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 13 Rio de Janeiro - Fly to Iguacu Falls

This morning's flight transports us from Rio's beaches to one of nature's most overwhelming spectacles—Iguaçu Falls, unquestionably among the world's most spectacular waterfalls. The surrounding subtropical rainforest supports over 2,000 plant species and provides habitat for tapirs, giant anteaters, howler monkeys, and elusive jaguars.

The falls result from Rio Iguazu's dramatic journey from its source near Curitiba. Beginning at 1,300 meters altitude, the river snakes westward for 1,200 kilometers before reaching this geological fault line. About 15 kilometers before joining the Paraná River, the Iguazu broadens across basalt plateau, then plunges over 80-meter cliffs in 275 interlinking cataracts extending nearly three kilometers.

During the Jurassic Period, massive volcanic activity covered this region with basalt layers. As lava cooled, fractures filled with softer sediments. The persistent river exploited these weaknesses, gradually cutting deeper gorges. The process continues—these falls migrate upstream at three centimeters yearly as erosion works its magic.

Upon arrival, numerous walkways provide excellent vantage points. At the path's end, a catwalk extends toward the falls, bringing us close enough to feel thunderous power and cooling spray.

Overnight at Iguacu Falls.

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Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 14 Iguazú Falls, Brazil - Iguazu Falls, Argentina

This morning we travel into Argentina where we have a different view of the falls -- spelled "Iguazu" in Spanish.

On the frontier with Brazil there is a gully -- La Garganta del Diablo (The Devil's Throat)\* which is 150 metres (492 feet) wide and 700 metres (2,296 feet) long. We wander the paths and bridges along the upper and lower parts of the falls and the paths which go along the river from the observation point of the Bosetti falls to the quay. The plunging falls throw a fine drizzle up to 30 metres (98 feet) into the air, weaving countless rainbows in the sun. Be sure to bring rain-proof clothing.

Overnight at Iguazu Falls.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 15 Iguazu Falls - Fly to Buenos Aires

You have a half-day free to revisit the paths along the upper and lower parts of the falls (optional cost) and the path that goes along the river from the observation point of the Bosetti Falls to the quay. The plunging falls throw a fine drizzle up to 30 m (98 feet) into the air, weaving countless rainbows in the sun. Be sure to take rain-proof clothing. Your Tour Leader/guide will help you plan your morning.

You can also take an optional boat ride to the base of the falls (extra cost), or the local bus to Iguazu Town where you can explore and observe where Argentine, Brazil, and Paraguay come together. You will need to be back in the hotel this afternoon to be ready for our transfer to the airport; please verify the check-out time from the hotel reception desk.

Later this afternoon we fly to Buenos Aires and transfer to our hotel.

Overnight in Buenos Aires.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 16 Buenos Aires: City Touring

Today we see the sights of this cosmopolitan city. In the early part of the 20th century, Argentina was one of the richest countries in the world. The grand public buildings of Buenos Aires reflect this opulent era. The city is known as the "Paris of South America" because of its wide boulevards and European-style architecture. Buenos Aires was founded for the second time in 1580 by Juan de Garay, just north of Mendoza's encampment. In accordance with Spanish law, he laid out the large Plaza del Fuerte (Fortress Plaza). It acquired its present name of Plaza de Mayo after the month of revolution in 1810. Our tour focuses on the major public buildings.

Catedral Metropolitana, built on the site of the original colonial church, was not completed until 1827. Not only is it considered a major religious landmark, but also a historic site of great importance. Here lies the tomb of Jose de San Martin, the man who (along with Simon Bolivar) liberated South America from Spanish rule in the early 1800s. The Plaza de Mayo is also home to Museo del Cabildo, the Presidential Palace (Casa Rosada), and the National Congress (Palacio del Congreso).

We also visit the Recoleta Cemetery where Buenos Aires' richest citizens are buried in magnificent marble tombs elaborately decorated with statues. The most internationally-famous person buried here is "Evita" Peron. While in BA, we will also visit La Boca neighbourhood, so named for its position at "the mouth" of the Riachuelo, and its role as the port of call for thousands of immigrants from Italy, Spain, and other European countries. Those settlers struggled, starved, hoped, and celebrated in this rough-and-tumble barrio. Today, one of the most photogenic and colourful parts of Buenos Aires, La Boca is the domain of the working class, bohemian artists, rabid soccer fans, and tango artists.

Overnight in Buenos Aires.

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Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 17 Buenos Aires - Tigre and the Parana Delta

This morning we continue exploring Buenos Aires with a walking tour through the elegant Retiro district. The Centro Naval is one of the city's most exquisite buildings, a masterpiece of cast stone architecture. The Kavanagh Building, constructed in 1936, was South America's tallest building at 120 metres. Palacio Paz is perhaps the most beautiful of the Beaux Arts mansions in Buenos Aires, taking almost 12 years to build. The General Jose de San Martin Monument celebrates the founder of the Argentine nation. The Torre Monumental, a 1916 gift from the British community, is decorated with royal imperial symbols.

Our walk concludes at the Galerías Pacifico, the city's most famous shopping arcade. Opened in 1891 and designed to recall Milan's Galleria Vittorio Emanuele II, this architectural jewel features magnificent frescoes painted in 1946 by Argentina's most renowned muralists.

This afternoon we travel north to Tigre and the Paraná Delta, a dramatic change from urban Buenos Aires. Located 30 kilometres from downtown, Tigre sits where five rivers spread into an intricate network of channels and islands. We board a vessel for a cruise through these tranquil waterways, observing a unique way of life where island residents rely entirely on boats for transportation. The delta has long served as a weekend retreat for Porteños.

This evening we experience tango with dinner and a professional show. Born in La Boca's tenements in the late 1800s, tango emerged from the collision of European immigrants, African rhythms, and creole traditions, becoming Argentina's defining art form.

Overnight in Buenos Aires.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 18 Buenos Aires - Fly to Bariloche

A direct flight from Buenos Aires brings us to Bariloche, located in the heart of the Lake District. The Nahuel Huapi National Park extends over 750,000 hectares, of which 330,000 is a National Reserve. Situated in the southwest of Neuquen Province and northwest of Rio Negro, it stretches from the Patagonian steppes to the high Andes. On account of abundant rainfall and summer melt from snowfields and glaciers, there is a great number of lakes and also rivers that flow either to the Atlantic or the Pacific oceans. Lake Nahuel Huapi, covering an area of 60,000 hectares, is the largest in the area.

This afternoon we visit the Francisco P. Moreno Patagonian Museum, inaugurated by National Parks in 1940. It is named after the famous explorer of the Andes and the Patagonian rivers, who donated the lands that were later transformed by the government into the first national park in Argentina. It has halls specializing in natural science, ethnography, pre-history and local and regional history. It also has a library and a bookstore.

Bariloche has a very strong Central European influence; most of the first settlers were of Swiss, German, or Northern Italian origin. These people gave the city its European style, with Swiss chalets, ceramics, chocolates, and neat shop windows. However something tells you that you are not in Europe; boats are seldom seen in the huge Nahuel Huapi Lake, the roads are swallowed up in the wilderness as soon as they leave the city and at night, there are no lights on the opposite shore of the lake.

You will have time to explore the lakeside and to visit Bariloche town with its chocolate shops and excellent visitors' centre.

Overnight in the Bariloche area.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 19 Bariloche Area: Small Circuit

Today we have the classic half-day tour of the Bariloche region. We will get a general overview of the surrounding area along a 60 Km (40 mi) partial loop excursion, all on a paved road. Our outing heads westward from Bariloche on the highway to Llao Llao along the southern shore

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of Lake Nahuel Huapi. At Km 8, the road passes Playa Bonita, a small harbour and popular beach. Cerro Campanario, the Belltower Hill, is at Km 18 (mile 12), where our bus may stop on the outward leg or when returning. The view from the top of this hill, reached after a seven minute chairlift ride, is the highlight of the trip. The Catedral Ski Village, at the base of the ski slopes, and part of the city of Bariloche, are visible from this spectacular 360 degree look-out.

The tour continues toward St Eduard's chapel and the Llao Llao Hotel. It is after passing the hotel's golf course, at the 100 inch yearly rainfall boundary, that the Valdivian Rain Forest begins. This is a temperate rain forest, with vines canes and lush vegetation. Our tour continues through a thick beech forest surrounding the western Moreno Lake passing by the base of Lopez Mountain, a sheer 3650 m (12,000 ft) face of rock.

We'll have a short stop further along the road for a breathtaking view high above Moreno Lake, the Puerto Panuelo Harbour, Victoria Island and smaller islands on the lake. On the return trip, the road crosses the bridge between the Moreno lakes and then joins the main road back to Bariloche.

Balance of the day at leisure.

Overnight in the Bariloche area.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 20 Bariloche, Argentina - Lake Crossing - Puerto Varas, Chile

The Andean Lakes Crossing is the most scenic way to travel from Argentina to Chile. This spectacular crossing of the Andes takes us through lakes and mountain passes from Bariloche to Puerto Varas, and occurs in a very well-orchestrated combination of boat and bus. Our luggage is handled for us -- you just sit back and enjoy the scenery.

After breakfast we travel by bus to Puerto Panuelo, where we'll board a ship to navigate across the serene waters to Puerto Blest Port. As we arrive at 11:30, we'll be treated to picturesque views of the surrounding mountains and lakes. After a short break, we'll board a bus to Puerto Alegre Port, where we'll embark on another scenic boat ride.

The journey takes you across the border into Chile at a relatively low altitude of 976 meters (3,200 feet), allowing you to take in the stunning vistas without the strain of high-altitude travel. As you continue on to Peula, we'll board a ship to sail across Lago Todos los Santos, with weather-permitting views of the majestic Osorno Volcano and the towering mountains Puntagudo and Tronador. The imposing presence of Volcan Osorno and Calbuco dominates the landscape, creating an unforgettable backdrop for our journey.

As the sun begins to set, we'll arrive in Puerto Varas, affectionately known as the "City of Flowers." Due to our late check-in and substantial lunch, dinner will be on your own this evening.

Overnight in Puerto Varas.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

### Day 21 Puerto Varas - Fly to Puerto Natales - Torres del Paine

Today involves a significant journey as we travel by road to Puerto Montt, a gateway city in Chile's Lakes District, from where we'll catch a flight to Puerto Natales. The flight from Puerto Montt to Puerto Natales (+/- 2 hours). Upon arrival in Puerto Natales, a small, vibrant port city often considered the "gateway to Torres del Paine," we'll continue our journey by road directly to Torres del Paine National Park. The drive from Puerto Natales to the park entrance is approximately 110 kilometres (68 miles), usually taking about 1.5 to 2 hours, offering our first glimpses of the vast Patagonian landscape.

The park itself is a UNESCO Biosphere Reserve, renowned globally for its exceptional beauty and ecological significance. As we enter, the landscape begins to unfold, revealing why it's often considered the finest national park in all of South America. The star attractions, the Torres del Paine (Towers of Paine), are truly spectacular: granite pillars that pierce the sky, soaring almost vertically more than 2,000 metres (6,500 feet) above the Patagonian plains. Their sheer scale is humbling.

However, Torres del Paine is far more than just its iconic towers. The park is a tapestry of diverse ecosystems and dramatic scenery. We'll encounter brilliant turquoise lakes, fed by glacial melt, their colours shifting with the light. Roaring waterfalls and a network of rivers and

creeks crisscross the terrain, often flanked by dense forests of native lenga and firre trees, which burst with vibrant colours in the autumn. Beyond the forested areas, the landscape opens into sprawling glaciers, remnants of the Patagonian Ice Field, with the most famous being Glacier Grey, where immense icebergs calve into the lake. Wildlife is also abundant; we'll be keeping an eye out for guanacos gracefully grazing, Andean condors circling high above, and perhaps even an elusive puma. This incredible combination of towering peaks, serene lakes, powerful rivers, ancient forests, and expansive glaciers truly makes Torres del Paine an unequalled destination for experiencing the raw majesty of Patagonia.

Overnight at Torres del Paine.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 22 Torres del Paine National Park

Today we spend the entire day at Torres del Paine National Park.

Some say "Paine" come from the name of an early settler. Others say the name comes from an ancient Indigenous word meaning blue -- hearkening to the intense blue of the area's lakes. Whatever the name comes from or means, this is a spectacular park, comparable to Yellowstone or Yosemite in the US. Founded in 1959, Torres del Paine takes in 180,000 ha (450,000 acres). In 1978 UNESCO gave the park World Heritage status, recognizing it as a biosphere especially worthy of international recognition.

The park is part of the Paine Massif, which lies east of the high central Andean spine. These medium high mountains emerge suddenly from the plains of the Patagonian steppes. The mountains are granite, capped by crumbly sedimentary rock that used to lie on the valley floor. Before the park was acquired by the Chilean government, it belonged to ranchers who overgrazed and also burned down forests to increase pasture area.

The park is still recovering from this devastation, but it's a chance to see what nature can do to fix itself if given a chance. The glaciers of the park are in quick retreat -- up to 17 m (56 ft) a year for the last 90 years, creating a fascinating study of plant succession and soil build-up from bare rock to forest. The flora of the park ranges from grassland to southern beech forests. Many parts of the park were too remote for the cattle ranchers and exist today in a pristine state.

The animal stars of the park are the guanacos and the rheas. Rheas are an ostrich-like bird; guanacos are wild South American cameloids, related to the domesticated llama and alpaca. Native peoples hunted both across the plains, using every part for food and sheltering hide and feathers. When the Europeans came, the guanaco were slaughtered to make way for cattle, and almost became extinct.

We will travel through the park in our coach stopping at various points of interest and scenic viewpoints. We will also have an opportunity to walk one of the many easy-going trails that afford expansive views of the mountains, glaciers, and waterfalls for which Patagonia is famous.

Overnight at Torres del Paine.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 23 Torres del Paine, Chile - Calafate, Argentina

Today marks another transition in our Patagonian adventure as we travel by road from Torres del Paine, making our way to El Calafate. This charming resort town, nestled on the shores of the expansive Lake Argentino, serves as our convenient base for exploring Los Glaciares National Park. The journey by road typically covers a distance of approximately 270 kilometres (167 miles) and involves crossing the border from Chile back into Argentina, a process that usually takes a few hours. As we drive, the dramatic landscapes of Patagonia continue to unfold, transitioning from the rugged peaks of Torres del Paine to the more rolling, arid steppe surrounding El Calafate.

El Calafate itself is named after a local berry, a small, dark fruit that grows in the area and is said to guarantee a return visit to Patagonia if you taste it - a delightful local legend! Historically, the town functioned as a trading post for ranchers in this remote region. However, in recent years, it has experienced significant growth, largely spurred by the influx of tourism. Despite this expansion, El Calafate retains a pleasant and welcoming atmosphere. The vibrant main street, Avenida del Libertador, is a central hub, lined with leafy trees and a colourful array of trendy shops where we might find unique souvenirs (perhaps some local crafts or even the famed calafate berry ice cream). There's also a good selection of inviting restaurants and cozy bars, offering opportunities to sample Patagonian cuisine and local beverages.

This pleasant and colourful town provides a comfortable and well-equipped base for our upcoming glacier viewing experiences in the area. It

offers a balance of modern amenities within a setting that still feels connected to the wild, expansive beauty of Patagonia.

Overnight in Calafate.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 24 Calafate: Lago Argentina Glacier Cruise

Today we explore the glaciers, mountains, forests and lakes of Los Glaciares National Park on board a luxury cruise boat with lunch included on board. We spend a full day relaxing on a stylish watercraft, taking in views of the Patagonian ice field. This morning we transfer the pier to join our cruise, which offers the best opportunity to visit the Spegazzini, Upsala, and the Perito Moreno glaciers in an intimate way.

We cruise out of the Upsala Channel toward the iceberg barrier, then to the largest glacier in the park; the Spegazzini Glacier. Continue to Puesto de las Vacas, where we will disembark and take a short guided walk through the icefields. During our journey, admire dramatic views and enjoy spectacular photo ops of the natural surroundings, including forests, glaciers, icefields, bays, and steppes.

We will then navigate toward Punta Avellaneda and Boca del Diablo to reach the Canal Spegazzini to see the glacier that bears the same name. The cruise will arrive at Puesto de Las Vacas (an extremely quiet bay in the Canal Spegazzini), where we can enjoy a guided walk with stunning panoramic views of the Spegazzini Glacier.

We continue toward Herminita Peninsula; the series of ice floes of the most varied colours and shapes, anticipates the proximity of Upsala Glacier. We will stop in front of the barrier of ice floes which at present is blocking the entrance to Canal Upsala. If the weather conditions are good we will observe the glaciers at a distance.

We continue to Canal de los Tempano to finally reach Perito Moreno Glacier. Huge icebergs on the glacier's 60 m (180 foot) high face calve and collapse into the Canal de los Tempanos as it advances about 100 m (300 feet) a year. The roar of the gigantic ice wall as it crashes into the surrounding channel is an unforgettable experience.

We'll be dropped off near the glacier where we can view it from land on a series of scenic boardwalks. We then return to Calafate by road.

NOTE: Though weather may seem fine in Calafate, the weather on the water and near the glaciers can be completely different. You should be prepared with layered clothing and a warm hat.

Late afternoon we return to Calafate (dinner on your own this evening).

Overnight in Calafate.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

### Day 25 Calafate - Fly to Ushuaia

Today we fly to Ushuaia on the island of Tierra del Fuego.

Ushuaia is considered the world's southernmost city. In 1520, Magellan passed through the strait that now bears his name, in search of a sea route to the spice islands of Asia. The Yahgan Indians built the fires that inspired Europeans to give this region its name -- "The Land of Fire". At first, very little attention was paid to this rocky and glacial shoreline, and its indigenous Indian population. It was not until the demise of Spain's colonial domination of the region in the late 1800's, that other Europeans began settling here. Since 1950, the town has played host to an important naval base, supporting Argentine claims in Antarctica. In 1870, the South American Missionary Society, a British-based organisation, made Ushuaia its first permanent outpost in the Fuego region.

You will have time to discover this interesting town. We suggest a visit to the old prison of Ushuaia located within the confines of the naval base. The penitentiary was constructed by the prisoners themselves between 1902 and 1920. Now this impressive complex houses the Antarctic Museum, the maritime museum, a modern art gallery as well as a restored wing of the prison, complete with cells inhabited by some of the infamous prisoners.

Overnight in Ushuaia.

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Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 26 Tierra del Fuego National Park

If you are looking to connect with nature and the history of the southernmost city in the world, Tierra del Fuego National Park is the ideal place to do it. The park protects 68,909 hectares and is the only one in Argentina combining marine, forest, and mountain environments. Magnificent forests of lengas, guindos, and ñires blanket valleys and peat bogs, forming unique scenery with some of the purest air you can breathe. The diverse landscapes are inhabited by birds such as the cauquén marino, steamer duck, and black-browed albatross. As you walk the trails, you may encounter grey and red foxes or hear the distinctive "tac, tac, tac" of a Magellanic woodpecker. This place also holds the history of the Yámanas, the first inhabitants of these lands. Paying attention, you can find mounds of mussel shells known as "concheros" that remind us these lands have been inhabited for more than 10,000 years.

Today's exploration includes a journey aboard the Tren del Fin del Mundo (End of the World Train), a narrow-gauge heritage railway following the route of the old prison railway. In the early 20th century, prisoners from Ushuaia's notorious penitentiary were transported along this route daily to fell timber in the surrounding forests. Today, the restored locomotive retraces those historic tracks through the Pipo River valley, past remnants of indigenous settlements, offering views of the Fuegian landscape that have changed little since those difficult days. Depending on scheduling, the train may serve as our route into the park or as part of our return, with coach transport completing the circuit.

Our scenic drive takes us past the world's southernmost golf course to Lapataia Bay, where the Pan-American Highway ends its journey from Alaska. We'll stop at Lago Roca for an easy shoreline walk, ending at the Alakush Visitor Center with its restaurant and interpretive exhibits about the park and its first inhabitants.

Overnight in Ushuaia.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 27 Ushuaia: Beagle Channel Cruise

Today, weather-permitting, we include a cruise on the Beagle Channel. Running through the Tierra del Fuego archipelago, the Beagle Channel is a scenic and wonderfully calm strait named in 1830 after a charting voyage by the HMS Beagle—the ship that later became famous for carrying English evolutionary biologist Charles Darwin on his five-year journey of discovery. The island of Tierra del Fuego is divided between Argentina and Chile and the Beagle Channel forms part of the border between the two countries.

In addition to spectacular scenery, we should see many species of marine mammals and birds, including a penguin colony -- the actual presence of penguins can rely on seasonality and recent conditions -- so no promises!

Later you'll have time to discover this interesting town, including the previously mentioned old prison of Ushuaia and Antarctic Museum if not accomplished earlier.

Overnight in Ushuaia.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 28 Ushuaia - Fly to Mendoza

This morning our journey takes a new direction as we prepare to fly to Mendoza.

Situated in the pre-mountainous Andes, Mendoza is widely regarded as one of Argentina's largest and most beautiful cities. As we make our way from the airport into the city centre, we'll immediately notice some of its defining characteristics: the pervasive presence of tree-lined streets, lush gardens, inviting pathways, and the distinctive sight of trolleybuses quietly moving through the city. These elements combine to create a remarkably green and pleasant urban environment, particularly striking for a city located in a semi-arid region at the foothills of the Andes.

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Mendoza is much more than just a beautiful city; it's the undisputed heart of viticulture in Argentina, renowned globally for its world-class wines, especially Malbec. The surrounding countryside is a vast expanse of vineyards, meticulously irrigated by a network of canals that ingeniously draw meltwater from the Andes. This unique system has transformed the desert landscape into a fertile oasis, allowing for the cultivation of grapes and olives that thrive in the abundant sunshine. Beyond wine, Mendoza is also a major hub for adventure and mountain sports. Its proximity to the towering Andes makes it an ideal starting point for activities like skiing in winter, challenging mountain climbing expeditions, and exhilarating rafting trips on the Mendoza River.

Overnight in Mendoza.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 29 Mendoza: Town Tour

Today, we'll immerse ourselves in Mendoza, a city that stands out as one of Argentina's most charming capitals. It enjoys a dry and sunny climate, which contributes to its distinct atmosphere. The urban design here is rather unique, characterized by its spacious streets, broad sidewalks shaded by mature trees, and a generally low-rise construction that allows for ample open green areas. A particularly fascinating feature are the numerous irrigation channels, or acequias, that run alongside many streets. This city, built in a semi-arid region, owes its lushness and development to a sophisticated irrigation system that has harnessed meltwater from the Andes for centuries.

Our morning will be dedicated to a half-day guided tour, offering us a deeper insight into Mendoza's history and character. We'll pass by the impressive Government House and explore General San Martín Park, an expansive and beautifully designed green oasis that is both the oldest and largest park in Mendoza. It's a testament to the city's commitment to public green spaces.

Our tour will also take us to the city's central squares, each with its own distinct personality. We'll explore Independence Square, the main plaza, often a bustling hub of activity. From there, we'll visit Plaza España, a square noted for its intricate tile mosaics and sculptures that elegantly pay homage to Spanish culture, reflecting the deep historical ties between Argentina and Spain. Finally, we'll come to Plaza del Castillo, more formally known as Plaza Pedro del Castillo, which holds a special historical significance. Here, a museum built directly on the foundations of the old Town Hall offers a tangible link to Mendoza's past, with excavations, old photographs, and artefacts providing evidence of the devastating earthquake that severely damaged the city in 1861, just three centuries after its foundation.

The balance of the day will be at leisure, allowing you to further enjoy Mendoza at your own pace.

Overnight in Mendoza.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

### Day 30 Mendoza Wine Tour - Fly to Santiago, Chile

The Mendoza area is the fastest growing wine producing region in the world and it is Argentina's most popular spot to travel to for wine tours and tastings. Located in the shadow of Mt Aconcagua, the vineyards in the Mendoza wine region are at one of the highest elevations in the world. Receiving little rainfall per year, the vines are irrigated with runoff from melted glaciers in the Andes. Primarily, it is Malbec that is grown, a grape that thrives in the high altitude, arid region of Mendoza. Other varietals include Tempranillo, Cabernet Sauvignon, and Chardonnay.

Today we will visit two wineries for which the region is famous. As quality, season, and customer feedback can vary, we do not pre-determine which properties we will be visiting far in advance. Your Tour Leader will advise on today's activities in greater detail while on tour.

Today we include lunch at a wine estate (instead of dinner). If available, we may also be able to enjoy an olive oil tasting.

Later this afternoon we transfer to the airport for our flight to Santiago, Chile's capital and largest city, located in a valley surrounded by the snow-capped Andes and the Chilean Coast Range. Because our flight is likely over the dinner hour, and due to our substantial lunch, we do not include a group dinner this evening (most travellers grab something light at the airport as we wait to board).

Overnight in Santiago.

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Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

### Day 31 Santiago & Valparaiso

Today we travel to central Chile's Pacific coast and visit the colonial city of Valparaiso, an excellent example of late 19th-century urban and architectural development in Latin America. The route to Valparaiso takes us through the coastal plain and past Casablanca Valley, Chile's fastest growing wine region. Valparaiso ('Paradise Valley') is one of Chile's most important seaports and an increasingly vital cultural center. The city was the first and most important merchant port on the sea routes of the Pacific coast of South America that linked the Atlantic and Pacific oceans via the Strait of Magellan. The importance of the vibrant seaport began to decline after the construction of the Panama Canal in the early 1900s.

Built upon dozens of steep hillsides overlooking the Pacific Ocean, Valparaiso boasts a labyrinth of streets and cobblestone alleyways, embodying a rich architectural and cultural legacy. Valparaiso is protected as a UNESCO World Heritage Site and is often considered to be one of Latin America's most intriguing urban areas. The majority of the houses were constructed between 1880 and 1940. The neighborhood's economic and social lifeline was a system of funiculars that climbed the precipitous slopes, carrying people and goods like a series of elevators on wheels. In its heyday, the 'elevators' of Valparaiso had 31 station houses perched at points across the city's steep terrain.

We will start with a visit to La Sebastiana, one of poet Pablo Neruda's homes-turned-museums. From here we will continue to the heart of the historic quarter where we stroll the streets and enjoy a ride on one of the city's many elevators. Ascendor Artilleria, built in 1898, is one of the oldest still in operation and offers beautiful views of the coastline. The Cordillera funicular is situated on Cerro Cordillera, and was opened in the year 1887. This is the steepest and second oldest 'elevator' in Valparaiso.

Nearby along the coast we find the popular beachside resort of Vina del Mar. Vina del Mar has been nicknamed the 'Garden City' and, as Chile's premier beach destination, it stands to reason Viña del Mar would be packed full of scrumptious seafood eateries. Better yet, thanks to a burgeoning fishing industry and its proximity to the ocean, the seafood here is about as fresh as it gets. Today we include lunch here in lieu of dinner.

Return back to Santiago.

Overnight in Santiago.

Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Lunch

### Day 32 Santiago: City Tour

Today we have a tour of central Santiago.

Founded in 1541 by Pedro de Valdivia, Santiago was attacked and overrun by Mapuche Indians just six months later. Spanish troops fortified the summit of Cerro Santa Lucia, and made immediate plans to rebuild the settlement. For almost 2 years, Santiago remained all but a settlement under siege. By the end of the 16th century, the settlement was made up of just 200 houses, with a population of no more than 2,000.

We will visit Santiago's Plaza de Armas (ongoing renovations and possible limited viewing / access). As the midpoint of the Spanish settlement of 1541, the square was once a military training ground -- hence its name -- but with time it became the focus of Santiago's social and commercial life with some of the nation's most accomplished architecture.

We visit the Cathedral in the plaza and see the old post office. We also visit the Centro Cultural Palacio de la Moneda, and head to Cerro Santa Lucia for a view of the city. We visit the central market to see the various types of seafood on offer, and make a stop in Bellavista neighborhood. and 1990. From here we take a stroll through the Quinta Normal Park looping back to our hotel.

On your free time, you may consider a visit to the Pre-Columbian Art Museum and/or Museum of Memories and Human Rights, dedicated to the victims of human rights violations during the civic-military regime led by Augusto Pinochet between 1973 and 1990.

Overnight in Santiago.

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Included Meal(s): Breakfast and Dinner

**Day 33 Departure**

Departure from Santiago.

¡Buen Viaje! / Bon Voyage!

Included Meal(s): Breakfast